RESEARCH-FARMER-EXTENSION INTERFACE ON COCONUT AND ARECANUT

- AN EFFECTIVE STRATEGY FOR BRIDGING THE KNOWLEDGE GAP

George V. Thomas D. Jaganathan Nagaraja, N. R. K. S. Ananda Ravi Bhat Vinayaka Hegde Rajkumar K. B. Hebbar C. Thamban

Farmers first,









CENTRAL PLANTATION CROPS RESEARCH INSTITUTE (Indian Council of Agricultural Research) KASARAGOD 671 124, KERALA, INDIA



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FOREWORD

Coconut and Arecanut crops play an important role in providing livelihood security to the millions of families in Karnataka. Coconut and Arecanut are cultivated mainly in Dakshina Kannada, Udupi, Chickmagalore, Shimoga, Uttara Kannada, Chitradurga, Davanagere, Hassan, Tumkur, Mysore, Mandya, Chamarajanagar and Ramanagar districts of Karnataka. In the recent past both the crops are facing a number of field problems namely, pests and diseases, improper nutrient management, shortage of labour, price fluctuations, low price, lack of value addition etc. which affect the livelihood security of the coconut and arecanut growers. CPCRI has been pioneering in doing research on coconut for almost one century and on arecanut for more than five & half decades. The scientific research resulted in number of technologies which are disseminated to the farmers and other clients through various transfer of technology programmes. Scientists of State Agricultural Universities, Subject Matter Specialists of Krishi Vigyan Kendras, Officers of Department of Horticulture/Agriculture, Officers of other development departments and progressive farmers are involved in transfer of technologies to farmers and other clients. But still there exists a weak linkage between research-farmerextension in solving field problems of coconut and arecanut growers.

In this context CPCRI took initiative and had organized research-farmer-extension interface programmes on coconut and arecanut in 13 districts of Karnataka during August to October, 2013 for the benefit of farming community and other clients. I am happy to know that these programmes were organized in collaboration with State Agricultural/Horticultural Universities, Krishi Vigyan Kendra's, Deportment of Horticulture, Farmers organizations and NGO's.

I congratulate the Director and Scientists of CPCRI for having taken steps to bring out this book for the benefit of policy makers, scientists, officers of KVK's, officers of development departments, progressive farmers and those who are interested in coconut and arecanut farming.

Date: 03.03.2014

(S. AYYAPPAN)

PREFACE

Coconut and Arecanut are the important plantation crops which are being cultivated in many districts of Karnataka. CPCRI has been pioneering in doing research on coconut and arecanut. The scientific research resulted in number of technologies which are disseminated to the farmers and other clients through various transfer of technology programmes. Scientists of State Agricultural Universities, Subject Matter Specialists of KrishiVigyan Kendra's, Officers of Department of Horticulture/Agriculture, Officers of other development departments and progressive farmers are involved in transfer of technologies to farmers and other clients. But still there exists a weak linkage between research-farmer-extension in solving field problems of coconut and arecanut growers.

In this context we had organized research-farmer-extension interface programmes on coconut and arecanut in 13 districts of Karnataka during August to October, 2013 for the benefit of farming community and other clients.

This book covers details on Research-Farmer-Extension interface programmes organized in 13 districts of Karnataka, field problems expressed by farmers, feedback of the farming community, list of resource persons and media coverage.

We hope that this book will be a useful resource material for policy makers, scientists, officers of KVK's, officers of development departments, progressive farmers and those who are interested in coconut and arecanut farming.

We sincerely thank Vice-Chancellors of State Agricultural/Horticultural Universities, Programme Coordinators of KVK's, Officers of Department of Horticulture, Progressive Farmers, Media Personnel and coconut & arecanut growers for their timely help, keen interest and moral support for organizing the interface programmes successfully.

We are indeed grateful to **Dr.S.Ayyappan**, Secretary, DARE & Director General, ICAR, New Delhi for mooting the idea of conducting interface programmes by providing valuable guidance and wholehearted support.

We are also greatful to **Dr. N. K. Krishna Kumar**, Deputy Director General (Horticulture), ICAR, New Delhi for his constant guidance and encouragement for the programme.

We thank all the scientists and technical staff of the institute for their valuable help for preparing this book.

Authors

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1. INTRODUCTION

The coconut palm is referred to as 'Kalpavriksha' – 'Tree of Heaven' as each and every part of the palm is useful to mankind in one way or other. It provides food, drink, fuel, timber etc. Millions of families in India depend on coconut for their livelihood either directly or indirectly. In India, most of the acreage under coconut palm (90%) lies in the four southern states *i.e.*, Kerala, Tamil Nadu, Karnataka and Andhra Pradesh. In India, Karnataka ranks second with respect to area and production of coconut (Table 1). Productivity of coconut in Karnataka is 11627 kg/ha which is eighth in position and lesser than the productivity of Tamil Nadu (13717 kg/ha) and Andhra Pradesh (13976 kg/ha).

Arecanut (*Areca catechu* L.) is one of the important commercial crops grown in parts of Karnataka, Kerala, Assam, Meghalaya, West Bengal and Andaman & Nicobar Islands. The cultivation has also been extended to other states like Tamil Nadu, Andhra Pradesh and Maharashtra. Arecanut plays an important role in the religious, social, cultural, political and economic life of our people irrespective of caste, creed or social status. Arecanut is known to have several medicinal properties. It has the quality of supplying stimulation to nervous system and increasing secretion of saliva in the mouth. It aids digestive system and it possesses the quality of removing bad odour from the mouth and creates a sense of general well being. Arecanut sector provides large number of employment opportunities both directly and indirectly for lakhs of farmers especially marginal and small farmers. India is the largest producer and consumer of arecanut in the world holding 62% of the area and 60% of the production. In India, Karnataka ranks first with respect to area, production and productivity of arecanut when compared to other states (Table 1).

Table 1. Area, production and productivity of coconut and arecanut inKarnataka in 2012

Сгор	Area (lakh ha)	Production (lakh metric tons)	Productivity (kg/ha)
Coconut	5.06	37.7	11627
Arecanut	2.16	3.5	1620

It is estimated that more than 10 million people in Karnataka are dependent on coconut and arecanut, as they are engaged in cultivation, processing, marketing and other

related activities. Different agencies *viz.*, Central Plantation Crops Research Institute (CPCRI), State Agricultural and Horticultural Universities (SAHUs), Coconut Development Board, Directorate of Arecanut and Spices Development (DASD), Central Arecanut & Cocoa Marketing & Processing Cooperative Ltd.(CAMPCO), Department of Horticulture, Farmers Organizations and Self Help Groups (SHG's) are doing research and extension activities for coconut and arecanut development. Through the systematic research conducted by CPCRI, a substantial number of viable technologies related to crop improvement, production, protection and processing have been evolved for enhancing coconut and arecanut production.

However, farmers are not able to exploit the production potential from these technologies to the extent desirable. Extent of adoption of the recommended practices plays a crucial role in improving productivity and income from coconut and arecanut farming. The present scenario of technology adoption in coconut and arecanut calls for strengthening the technology dissemination programmes with the active participation of beneficiaries.

Research-farmer-extension interface programme is an approach for strengthening the transfer of technology efforts for the development of coconut and arecanut sector in the state. In this approach, researchers, extension personnel and farmers are brought together on a common platform to streamline the activities for the sustainable development of coconut and arecanut. In this context, CPCRI has organized research-farmer-extension interface programmes on coconut and arecanut in 13 districts of Karnataka during August 2013-October 2013 to create awareness about the technological options and developmental opportunities available to address the problems and enhance the profitability of farming. These programmes were organized as a collaborative effort with SAHUs, KVKs and Department of Horticulture in Karnataka. Thematic sessions related to crop improvement, crop production, crop protection and value addition were covered in the interface programmes, in which scientists from CPCRI, SAUs/SHUs of Karnataka and KVKs, extension personnel from Department of Horticulture and farmers had participated.

2. TECHNOLOGIES FOR IMPROVING PRODUCTIVITY OF COCONUT AND ARECANUT

CPCRI has a history of almost a century of coconut research and more than five and half decades of arecanut research with high yielding varieties, package of practices, post harvest technologies. The demand for CPCRI technologies like high yielding varieties/ hybrids of coconut and arecanut, vermicomposting using coconut and arecanut wastes, integrated nutrient management with judicial, balanced and split application of organic and inorganic fertilizers, natural enemies/ predators in coconut and arecanut ecosystem and bio-control agents and integrated pests and diseases management practices for coconut and arecanut has been very high among the farming community and other clientele. Research and extension activities are changed as per the demands of clients *viz.*, farmers, agricultural/ horticultural officers, agro processors, self help groups, college/school students etc. Assessment and refinement of technologies is done through co-operation of Developmental Departments/Boards by organizing various programmes with the active participation of farmers.

Technologies on coconut

Crop improvement: Coconut varieties namely, Chandra Kalpa, Kera Chandra, Chowghat Orange Dwarf, Kalpatharu, Kalpa Jyothi, Kalpa Surya and Kalpa Haritha were released from CPCRI which are suitable for Karnataka. High yielding hybrids namely, Chandra Sankara, Kera Sankara, Chandra Laksha were released for Karnataka region. Dwarf varieties *viz.*, Chowghat Orange Dwarf, Kalpa Jyothi, Kalpa Surya were released exclusively for tender coconut. Kalpa Haritha, Chandra Sankara were released as dual purpose varieties suitable for copra and tender nuts. Chandra Kalpa and Kalpatharu are relatively tolerant to drought. Kalpa Haritha is comparatively free from eriophyid mite infestation amidst heavily infested palms of other varieties. Kalpatharu is released for ball copra production.

Crop production: Recommended fertilizer dose is 500: 320: 1200 g of N, P_2O_5 , K_2O per palm/ year in 2 splits 1/3rd fertilizer in May-June and 2/3rd along with organics during September-October. Water requirement as 200 l/palm and irrigation frequency is once in 5 days. Drip irrigation and fertilizer application through drip irrigation has been standardized. Vermicomposting of coconut wastes using two cultured species of

earthworms, *Eudrilus eugineae* and *Eisenia foetida* was proved as an efficient method of composting. For maximizing economic returns, high value medicinal and aromatic crops, and flower crops have been recommended in the palm based cropping system. Vegetables like snake gourd, ridge gourd, bottle gourd, amaranthus, coccinia, brinjal and bitter gourd, tuber crops like ginger, turmeric, greater yam, colocasia and greater yam are compatible for intercropping in coconut gardens. A number of perennials like cocoa, clove, nutmeg, coffee, pepper, mulberry, jack, bread fruit, mango, sapota, papaya and timber yielding trees were found to be suitable mixed crops in coconut garden. Mixed farming in coconut with various subsidiary enterprises such as dairy, poultry, and sericulture with coconut cultivation by raising fodder crops, mulberry etc. in the interspaces was found to be quite advantageous.

Crop protection: Integrated pest management practices for insect pests *viz*., eriophyid mite, rhinoceros beetle, red palm weevil, leaf eating caterpillar, root eating white grub, coried bug, slug caterpillars, mealy bugs, scale insects, termite and mammalian pests (rats) have been standardized. Integrated disease management practices for diseases *viz*., bud rot, leaf rot, stem bleeding disease, thanjavur wilt/ganoderma, leaf blight or grey leaf spot, root (wilt), mahali or fruit rot and nut fall and disorder like crown choking have been standardized. Judicious use of various management practices namely, cultural, biological, mechanical and chemical methods are emphasized in managing pests and diseases.

Post harvest processing and mechanization : Agricultural implements/gadgets such as power operated sprayer, copra dryers using different energy sources and capacities, coconut splitting device, coconut deshelling machine, coconut grating machine, tender coconut cutter, tender nut punching machine, coconut chips slicing machine, a simple coconut palm climbing device and a safety device for coconut climbing, have been developed by CPCRI. Technologies for making value added products like snowball tender nut (SBTN), coconut chips of various flavours, virgin coconut oil, kalparasa, coconut sugar, coconut charcoal etc. have been developed and are being promoted vigorously among prospective entrepreneurs.

Technologies on arecanut

Crop improvement: Arecanut varieties namely, Mangala, Sumangala, Sreemanagala, Mohithnagar, Swarnamangala were released from CPCRI which are suitable for Karnataka.

Two arecanut dwarf hybrids *viz.*, VTLAH1 (Hirehalli Dwarf x Sumangala) and VTLAH2 (Hirehalli Dwarf x Mohithnagar) were also released for Karnataka region. Recently two more new high yielding varieties *viz.*, Madhuramangala and Nalbari were released and notified by Central Variety Release Committee.

Crop production: Agro techniques for arecanut such as spacing (2.7 X 2.7 m), fertilizer dose (100: 40: 140 g NPK respectively and 20kg FYM per palm per year) and irrigation of 30 mm water at 30 mm pan evaporation have been standardized. Technology for production of Oyster mushroom (*Pleurotus sajor caju*) from areca leaf sheath has been standardized. Vermicomposting of areca wastes using two cultured species of earthworms, *Eudrilus eugineae* and *Eisenia foetida* was proved as an efficient method of composting. High density multispecies cropping system involving arecanut, banana, pepper and cocoa had resulted in higher net return of almost 85-100 % over arecanut monocropping system. Black pepper, betelvine, banana, cocoa, lemon/acid lime are some of the common intercrops in arecanut gardens. Experimental studies have indicated the feasibility of growing various medicinal plants *viz.*, vetiver, shatavari, long pepper, brahmi, *Nilagirianthus ciliatus*, periwinkle, aloevera and aromatic plants *viz.*, lemon grass, palmarosa, basil, davana, patchouli in arecanut plantations. Technologies for fertigation and mixed farming in arecanut (dairy+fodder+fishery) have been standardized.

Crop protection: Integrated pest management practices for pests *viz.*, mites, spindle bug, root grubs, pentatomid bug and scale insects have been standardized. Integrated disease management practices for diseases *viz.*, Mahali/fruit rot, bud rot/crown rot, inflorescence die back/ button shedding, anaberoga/foot rot, band disease, nut splitting have been standardized. For managingYellow Leaf Disease, research trials are being taken up. Judicious use various management practices namely, cultural, biological, mechanical and chemical methods are emphasized in managing pests and diseases.

Outreach programmes

Training programmes are conducted for farmers, agricultural/horticultural officers, Self Help Groups etc. based on the need and request. Establishment of Front Line Demonstrations in farmers' gardens on proven technologies to convince the farmers regarding technical feasibility and economic viability of the technologies. Method demonstrations on Bordeaux mixture preparation, method of application of fertilizers

etc. are organized. A multi-disciplinary team of scientists visit farmers' fields and give professional advice for solving some problems related to coconut and arecanut cultivation. Agriculture Information Centre provides information/technologies on coconut and arecanut. Seminars, Meetings, Field days, Kisan Mela and Exhibition are organized in different parts of the country from time to time based on the need.

Publications on Coconut and Arecanut

Institute is bringing out publications on proven technologies in the form of extension folders, phamphlets, technical bulletins, training manuals, books etc. for distribution to the farmers and other stakeholders.

Technical bulletins

- Coconut cultivation practices- English, Kannada
- Arecanut cultivation practices- English, Kannada
- Arecanut calendar-English, Kannada

Extension folders

- Crown rot management in arecanut- English, Kannada
- Integrated management of root grubs in arecanut English, Kannada

Books

- Coconut
- Arecanut

Training Manuals

- Market-led production strategies for Arecanut
- Arecanut production technology

E-media

- CDs
- Website: www.cpcri.gov.in

Magazines / Journals

- CPCRI Newsletter (Quarterly)
- Indian Journal of Plantation Crops Kasaragod
- Annual Report of CPCRI

3. GENESIS OF RESEARCH-FARMER-EXTENSION INTERFACE PROGRAMMES ON COCONUT AND ARECANUT

Considering the scope and importance of improving the coconut and arecanut scenario in the state and the availability of improved technologies, CPCRI had planned to organize a series of interface programmes in different districts of Karnataka where coconut and arecanut are the important crops. The main aim of the interface programme was to create awareness about the technological options and developmental opportunities available to address the problems for enhancing the profitability of coconut and arecanut farming.

Objectives

- 1. To organize a comprehensive interface among researchers, extension personnel and farmers on coconut and arecanut cultivation.
- 2. To discuss the technologies developed on coconut and arecanut and the necessity for timely adoption of technologies.
- 3. To showcase improved technologies through exhibition and demonstration.
- 4. To assess the constraints in the adoption of technologies.
- 5. To collect feedback from the stakeholders.
- 6. To suggest suitable follow up measures and recommendations for improving productivity and profitability from farming.

Planning for interface programmes

CPCRI has decided to organize interface programmes in 13 districts of Karnataka with the active participation of all the stakeholders. Schedule for interface programmes was finalized after consulting the officials of SAUs/SHUs, KVKs, Department of Horticulture and progressive farmers in different districts. The details on purpose of the interface programme, topics to be covered, venue, date, resource persons, guests and participants to be invited were informed to the respective collaborative institutions/agency for making necessary arrangements.

Based on the discussion with officials of SAUs/SHUs, KVKs, Department of Horticulture and progressive farmers, schedule for interface programme for 13 districts were proposed as given in the Table 2.

S.No.	District	Collaborating Institute/ Agency	Crops to be covered	Date
1	Udupi	KVK and ZAHRS,	Coconut &	24.08.13
		Brahmavar	Arecanut	
2	Dakshina Kannada	Department of	Coconut &	27.08.13
		Horticulture, Sullia	Arecanut	
3	Shimoga	KVK, Shimoga	Coconut &	30.08.13
			Arecanut	
4	Chamarajanagar	KVK,	Coconut &	04.09.13
		Chamarajanagar	Arecanut	
5	Ramanagar	KVK, Ramanagar	Coconut &	05.09.13
			Arecanut	
6	Mandya	KVK, Mandya	Coconut	06.09.13
7	Tumkur	KVK,Tiptur	Coconut &	12.09.13
			Arecanut	
8	Mysore	KVK, Mysore	Coconut &	13.09.13
			Arecanut	
9	Chitradurga	KVK, Chitradurga	Coconut &	24.09.13
			Arecanut	
10	Davanagere	KVK, Davanagere	Coconut &	25.09.13
			Arecanut	
11	Chickmagalore	AHRS, Sringeri	Arecanut	07.10.13
12	Uttara Kannada	KVK & College of	Coconut &	09.10.13
		Forestry, Sirsi	Arecanut	
13	Hassan	HRS, Arasikere	Coconut	10.10.13
14	Hassan	KVK, Hassan	Coconut &	11.10.13
			Arecanut	

 Table 2. Proposed interface schedule

4. METHODOLOGY

Planning

As per the guidance of Dr. S. Ayyappan, Secretary, DARE & Director General, ICAR and Dr. N. K. Krishna Kumar, DDG (Horticulture), ICAR, series of meetings were convened for successful conduct of the interface programmes. Dr. George V. Thomas, Director, CPCRI had convened a meeting with Heads of Divisions, Head, CPCRI, Regional Station, Vittal and Scientists of CPCRI to discuss about the organization of interface programmes in Karnataka. The following decisions were taken during the meeting.

- Expenditure for the interface programmes may be met from CPCRI fund.
- Coordinators, resource persons and exhibitors to be identified for the interface programmes.
- Interface programmes to be conducted during the months of August 2013 October 2013.
- Coordinators may contact collaborative institutes for arranging logistic and other necessary requirements.
- Technologies to be discussed/popularized in the interface meeting may be finalized and to be informed to the resource persons.
- Resource persons should make their presentations in Kannada language and emphasis may be given on field oriented problems.
- Exhibition stall of CPCRI may be arranged in all the interface programmes to showcase the improved varieties, technologies on production, protection and processing of coconut and arecanut.
- Publications on package of practices for coconut and arecanut may be brought out in Kannada language for distribution to the farmers during interface.
- Interface kits containing literature, folder, pen, writing pad etc. to be provided to participants.
- Food (breakfast, lunch and evening snacks) may be provided for the participants.
- Rapporteurs may note down the proceedings/feedback of the interface programmes.

- Wide media coverage (print, radio, TV, internet) may be given for the benefit of large number of farmers.
- Proceedings of the interface programmes may be brought out as a follow up action and also for streamlining the research and extension activities for coconut and arecanut sector in Karnataka.

Preparation

As decided in the Director's meeting with Heads of Divisions, Head, CPCRI, Regional Station, Vittal and Scientists of CPCRI, the following arrangements were made.

- Interface expenditure to be met from CPCRI, Vittal.
- Dr. K. S. Ananda, Dr. Ravi Bhat, Dr. Vinayaka Hegde, Dr. C. Thamban, Dr. C. T. Jose, Dr. D. Jaganathan, Dr. Rajkumar, Dr. Nagaraja, N. R. were identified as coordinators for interface programmes.
- Scientists representing different disciplines from CPCRI, Kasaragod, Regional Station, Vittal and Regional Station, Kayamkulam were identified as resource persons for interface programmes. Dr. George V.Thomas, Dr. H. P. Maheswarappa, Dr. K. B. Hebbar, Dr. K. S. Ananda, Dr. Ravi Bhat, Dr. Vinayaka Hegde, Dr. C. Thamban, Dr. Chandrika Mohan, Dr. D. Jaganathan, Dr. Rajkumar, Dr. Nagaraja, N. R., and Dr. V. H. Prathibha were identified as resource persons.
- Scientists/officials of SAUs/SHUs, KVKs, Department of Horticulture and progressive farmers were also identified as resource persons.
- Coordinators contacted Scientists/officials of SAUs/SHUs, KVKs, Department of Horticulture and progressive farmers and arranged all logistic and other necessary requirements.
- Technologies on crop improvement, production, protection and processing of coconut and arecanut which are suitable for Karnataka were discussed and finalized.
- Exhibits on improved varieties, technologies on production, protection and processing
 of coconut and arecanut were arranged for showcase during interface for giving first
 hand information to farmers.
- Publications on package of practices for coconut and arecanut were brought out in Kannada language for distribution to the farmers during interface programmes.

- Interface kits containing extension literature, folder, pen, writing pad etc. were arranged for giving to participants.
- Arrangements were made for giving food (breakfast, lunch and evening snacks) to the participants.
- Arrangements were made for documenting the proceedings/feedback of the interface programmes.
- Arrangements were made for the coverage of interface programmes in all districts through mass media (print, radio, TV, internet) for the benefit of large number of farmers.

Implementation

Research-Farmer-Extension interface programmes were organized in 13 districts of Karnataka during August 2013 - October 2013 as per the proposed methodology.

5. ORGANIZATION OF DISTRICT LEVEL INTERFACE PROGRAMMES

The district level interface programmes were organized in 13 districts of Karnataka in which 1930 farmers had participated and the details are given in Table 3.

S.No.	Name of the programme	Date	Collaborating	No. of
			Institute/agency	Participants
1	Research-Farmer-Extension	24.08.13	KVK and ZAHRS,	180
	interface on Coconut and		Brahmavar	
	Arecanut in Udupi			
2	Research- Farmer -Extension	27.08.13	Department of	153
	interface on Coconut and		Horticulture,	
	Arecanut in Dakshina Kannada		Sullia	
3	Research- Farmer -Extension	30.08.13	KVK, Shimoga	130
	interface on Coconut and			
	Arecanut in Shimoga			
4	Research- Farmer -Extension	04.09.13	KVK,	104
	interface on Coconut and		Chamarajanagar	
	Arecanut in Chamarajanagar			
5	Research- Farmer -Extension	05.09.13	KVK, Ramanagar	101
	interface on Coconut and		C C	
	Arecanut in Ramanagar			
6	Research- Farmer -Extension	06.09.13	KVK, Mandya	139
	interface on Coconut in Mandya		-	
7	Research- Farmer -Extension	12.09.13	KVK,Tiptur	208
	interface on Coconut and		-	
	Arecanut in Tumkur			
8	Research- Farmer -Extension	13.09.13	KVK, Mysore	110
	interface on Coconut and		-	
	Arecanut in Mysore			
9	Research- Farmer -Extension	24.09.13	KVK, Chitradurga	123
	interface on Coconut and			
	Arecanut in Chitradurga			

Table 3. Interface programmes in Karnataka

10	Research- Farmer -Extension interface on Coconut and	25.09.13	KVK, Davanagere	151
	Arecanut in Davanagere			
11	Research- Farmer -Extension	07.10.13	HRS, Sringeri	190
	interface on Arecanut and		C	
	Coconut in Chickmagalore			
12	Research- Farmer -Extension	09.10.13	KVK & College of	122
	interface on Coconut and		Forestry, Sirsi	
	Arecanut in Uttara Kannada			
13	Awareness cum demonstration	10.10.13	HRS, Arasikere	107
	on management of black headed			
	caterpillar in coconut in Hassan			
14	Research-Farmer-Extension	11.10.13	KVK, Hassan	112
	interface on Coconut and			
	Arecanut in Hassan			
			Total	1 930

The details of venue, thematic areas covered, resource persons and coordinators of the interface programmes are given in Table 4.

The discussion / feedback from the participants of 14 interface programmes are given in Table 5.

S. No.	District	Date	Venue	Thematic areas covered	Resource persons	Coordinators
1	Udupi	24.8.13	Dharmavaram Auditorium, Udupi	 Crop improvement in coconut & arecanut Crop production in coconut & arecanut Pests management in coconut & arecanut Diseases management in coconut & arecanut Value addition in coconut & arecanut Activities of KVK, Brahmavar Developmental activities of Department of Horticulture 	Dr. George V. Thomas Dr. H. P. Maheswarappa Dr. K. S. Ananda Dr. K. B. Hebbar Dr. Vinayaka Hegde Dr. Nagaraja, N. R. Dr. Rajkumar Dr. Prathibha, V. H. Dr. Prathibha, V. H. Dr. M. Hanumanthappa Dr. Jayalaxmi N Hegde	Dr. C. Thamban Dr. D. Jaganathan
5	Dakshina Kannada	27.8.13	Town Hall, Sullia	 Crop improvement in coconut & arecanut Crop production in coconut & arecanut Pests management in coconut & arecanut Diseases management in coconut & arecanut Value addition in coconut & arecanut Developmental activities of Department of Horticulture 	Dr. George V. Thomas Dr. K. S. Ananda Dr. K. B. Hebbar Dr. Ravi Bhat Dr. Vinayaka Hegde Dr. Vagaraja, N. R. Dr. Rajkumar Dr. Prathibha, V. H. Dr. S. Keshava Bhat Mr. Praveen, K.	Dr. D. Jaganathan Dr. Nagaraja, N. R.
<u></u>	Shimoga	30.8.13	KVK, Shimoga	 Crop improvement in coconut & arecanut Crop production in coconut & arecanut Pests management in coconut & arecanut Diseases management in coconut & arecanut Value addition in coconut & arecanut Developmental activities of KVK & Department of Horticulture 	Dr. Ravi Bhat Dr. Vinayaka Hegde Dr. Nagaraja, N. R. Dr. Rajkumar Dr. Nagarajappa Adivappar Dr. B. C. Hanumanthaswamy Dr. Lakshmikanth	Dr. Ravi Bhat Dr. Nagaraja, N. R.

in Karnataka G 2 ξ Table 4. Details of Research-Farmer-Extension interface pro-

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4	Chamarajanagar	04.9.13	KVK, Chamarajanagar	Crop improvement in coconut & arecanut Crop production in coconut & arecanut Pests management in coconut & arecanut Diseases management in coconut & arecanut	Dr. K.S. Ananda Dr. Ravi Bhat Dr. Vinayaka Hegde Dr. Nagaraja, N. R.	Dr. C. T. Jose Dr. K. S. Ananda
			<u> </u>	Value addition in coconut & arecanut Developmental activities of KVK & Department of Horticulture	Dr. D. Jaganathan Dr. Rajkumar Dr. C. Doreswamy Mr. Girish	
ы	Ramanagar	05.9.13	KVK, Ramanagar	Crop improvement in coconut & arecanut Crop production in coconut & arecanut Pests management in coconut & arecanut Diseases management in coconut & arecanut Value addition in coconut & arecanut Developmental activities of KVK & Department of Horticulture	Dr. K.S. Ananda Dr. Ravi Bhat Dr. Vinayaka Hegde Dr. Nagaraja, N. R. Dr. Rajkumar Dr. Annaiah Dr. K. H. Nagaraj	Dr. Rajkumar Dr. D. Jaganathan
9	Mandya	06.9.13	KVK, Mandya	Crop improvement in coconut & arecanut Crop production in coconut & arecanut Pests management in coconut & arecanut Diseases management in coconut & arecanut Value addition in coconut & arecanut Developmental activities of KVK & Department of Horticulture	Dr. K.S. Ananda Dr. Ravi Bhat Dr. Vinayaka Hegde Dr. Nagaraja, N. R. Dr. Rajkumar Mr. T.Vijayendrakumar Dr. V. B. Sanathkumar	Dr. Rajkumar Dr. D. Jaganathan
<u>۲</u>	Tumkur	12.9.13	KVK, Tiptur	Crop improvement in coconut & arecanut Crop production in coconut & arecanut Pests management in coconut & arecanut Diseases management in coconut & arecanut Value addition in coconut & arecanut Developmental activities of KVK & Department of Horticulture	Dr. George V.Thomas Dr. K.S. Ananda Dr. K.B. Hebbar Dr. Ravi Bhat Dr. Vinayaka Hegde Dr. G. M. Sujith	Dr. K. S. Ananda Dr. C. T. Jose

Dr. C. T. Jose Dr. K. S. Ananda	Dr. Vinayaka Hegde Dr. K.S. Ananda	Dr. Vinayaka Hegde Dr. K. S. Ananda	Dr. C. Thamban Dr. D. Jaganathan
Dr. K.S. Ananda Dr. K.B. Hebbar Dr. Ravi Bhat Dr. Vinayaka Hegde Dr. Arun Balamatti	Dr. K.S. Ananda Dr. Ravi Bhat Dr. Vinayaka Hegde Dr. Rajkumar Dr. Chandrappa Dr. Devaraj	Dr. K. S. Ananda Dr. Ravi Bhat Dr. Vinayaka Hegde Dr. Rajkumar Dr. T. N. Devaraja	Dr. Ravi Bhat Dr. Vinayaka Hegde Dr. Rajkumar Dr. Nagaraja, N. R. Dr. B. S. Shivakumar
Crop improvement in coconut & arecanut Crop production in coconut & arecanut Pests management in coconut & arecanut Diseases management in coconut & arecanut Value addition in coconut & arecanut Developmental activities of KVK & Department of Horticulture	Crop improvement in coconut & arecanut Crop production in coconut & arecanut Pests management in coconut & arecanut Diseases management in coconut & arecanut Value addition in coconut & arecanut Developmental activities of KVK & Department of Horticulture	Crop improvement in coconut & arecanut Crop production in coconut & arecanut Pests management in coconut & arecanut Diseases management in coconut & arecanut Value addition in coconut & arecanut Developmental activities of KVK & Department of Horticulture	Crop improvement in arecanut Crop production in arecanut Pests management in arecanut Diseases management in arecanut Value addition in arecanut Developmental activities of AHRS & Department of Horticulture
KVK, Suttur, Mysore	KVK, Chitradurga	KVK, Davanagere	Sri Chapparada Anjaneya Temple, Sringeri
13.9.13	24.9.13	25.9.13	07.10.13
Mysore	Chitradurga	Davanagere	Chickmagalore
~	<i>٥</i>	10	11

12	Ulttara Kannada Hassan	09.10.13	College of Forestry, Sirsi Govt First	 Crop improvement in coconut & arecanut Crop production in coconut & arecanut Pests management in coconut & arecanut Diseases management in coconut & arecanut Value addition in coconut & arecanut Developmental activities of KVK & Department of Horticulture Crop improvement in coconut 	Dr. George V. Thomas Dr. L. Krishna Naik Dr. Ravi Bhat Dr. Vinayaka Hegde Dr. Rajkumar Dr. Nagaraja, N. R. Dr. D. Jaganathan Dr. H. R. Naik Dr. Roopa S. Patil Dr. George V. Thomas	Dr. Ravi Bhat Dr. Nagaraja, N. R. Dr. Chandrika Mohan
			Grade College, Arasikere	 Crop production in cocount with Pests management in coconut with special reference to Management of black headed caterpillar in cocount Diseases management in cocount Value addition in cocount Field visit - Demonstration on release of parasitoids for the management of black headed caterpillar in cocount 	Dr. Ravi Bhat Dr. Vinayaka Hegde Dr. Chandrika Mohan Dr. Rajkumar Dr. S. Basavaraju Dr. S. Basavaraju	Dr. D. Jaganathan
⁺¹	Hassan	11.10.13	KVK, Hassan	 Crop improvement in coconut & arecanut Crop production in coconut & arecanut Pests management in coconut & arecanut Diseases management in coconut & arecanut Value addition in coconut & arecanut Developmental activities of KVK & Department of Horticulture 	Dr. George V. Thomas Dr. K. S. Ananda Dr. Ravi Bhat Dr. Vinayaka Hegde Dr. Nagaraja, N. R. Dr. B. S. Basavaraj Mr. Shakeel Ahamad	Dr. K. S. Ananda Dr. C. T. Jose

1. Interface programme on coconut and arecanut at Brahmavar

Interface programme was organized in collaboration with Krishi Vigyan Kendra, Brahmavar and Zonal Agricultural and Horticultural Research Station, Brahmavar, Udupi. Shri. Pramod Madwaraj, MLA, Udupi inaugurated the State level Scientist-Farmer-Extension interface programme on 24-08-2013 at Dharmavar auditorium, Brahmavar, Udupi. He stressed the importance of effective utilization of technologies for making coconut and arecanut farming remunerative. In his inaugural address he told that substantial number of technologies have been developed by CPCRI for enhancing productivity, and for value addition through product diversification in coconut and arecanut. Urgent steps should be taken to facilitate the utilization of these technologies in farmers' fields. Dr. K. M. Udupa, Managing Trustee, Bharatiya Vikas Trust, Manipal presided over the inaugural function. Addressing the gathering, Dr. George V. Thomas, Director, CPCRI, Kasaragod emphasized the CPCRI technologies on crop production and value addition for enhancing the productivity and profitability in coconut and arecanut farming. As a part of interface programme, technologies developed by CPCRI on coconut and arecanut were displayed for the benefit of farming community in the exhibition which was inaugurated by Shri Pramod Madhwaraj. Dr. H. P. Maheshwarappa, Project Coordinator (Palms), Dr. M. Hanumanthappa, ADR, ZAHRS, Brahmavar and Dr. C. Thamban, CPCRI Kasaragod have offered felicitations. Dr. K. S. Ananda, Head, CPCRI, Vittal welcomed the guests and gathering. Dr. Jayalakshmi N. Hegde, Programme Coordinator, KVK, Brahmavar proposed vote of thanks. Scientists from CPCRI made presentations on technological options for increasing the productivity and profitability in coconut and arecanut. Around 200 farmers participated in the interface programme.

Research-Farmer-Extension interface on coconut and arecanut



Inauguration by Shri. Pramod Madwaraj MLA, Udupi



Dignitaries visiting exhibition stall



Inaugural address by Shri. Pramod Madwaraj MLA, Udupi



Remarks by Dr. George V. Thomas Director, CPCRI, Kasaragod



Participants of interface programme



Farmer-Scientist interaction

2. Interface programme on coconut and arecanut at Sullia

Interface programme was organized on 27.8.2013 at Town hall, Sullia, Dakshina Kannada district in collaboration with Department of Horticulture, Sullia. Dr. K. S. Ananda, Head, CPCRI, Regional Station, Vittal welcomed the guests and farmers. Dr. George V. Thomas, Director, CPCRI, Kasaragod explained about the technological options in coconut and arecanut to enhance the profitability of farmers. Shri B. Ramanatha Rai, Hon. Minister for Forest, Ecology & Environment, Government of Karnataka was the Chief Guest and inaugurated the interface programme. During his inaugural address, he advised the farmers to adopt the technologies developed by the CPCRI to enhance the production and income especially by following the high density multispecies cropping system and also mixed farming system. He also emphasized the importance of processing and value addition in coconut and arecanut to enhance the profitability. He promised that the government will provide compensation to the arecanut farmers for the loss due to koleroga/ mahali disease. He informed that the government has taken a decision to form agriculture commission to look after the problems of farming communities in Karnataka. Shri S. Angara, MLA, Sullia Constituency presided over the function. In his presidential address, he emphasized the importance of scientific management of diseases of arecanut and coconut. He also requested the government to provide compensation to farmers for the loss due to mahali/koleroga and Yellow Leaf Disease of arecanut. Smt. Gunavathi Kollanthadka, President, Taluk Panchayat, Mr.T.M. Shahid, Member, Coir Board, Kochi and Mr. Praveen Kumar, Assistant Director of Horticulture, Mangalore were the Guests of Honors'. Scientists from CPCRI Kasaragod and Vittal and Officers from Department of Horticulture had interacted with farmers regarding production, protection & processing technologies and developmental programmes on coconut, arecanut and cocoa. Mrs. P. K. Suhana, Sr. Asst. Director of Horticulture, Sullia proposed vote of thanks. Exhibits related to varieties, agronomic practices, nursery management, pest and disease management and harvesting of coconut, arecanut and cocoa were displayed for giving first hand information to the farmers.

Research-Farmer-Extension interface on coconut and arecanut



Dignitaries visiting exhibition stall



Inaugural address by Shri B. Ramanatha Rai Hon. Minister for Forest, Ecology & Environment, Government of Karnataka



Participants of interface programme



Participants at exhibition stall



Remarks by Dr. George V. Thomas Director, CPCRI, Kasaragod



Farmer-Scientist interaction

3. Interface programme on coconut and arecanut at Shimoga

Central Plantation Crops Research Institute, Kasaragod, Krishi Vigyan Kendra, Shimoga and Department of Horticulture, Shimoga jointly organized Research-Farmer-Extension interface programme on coconut and arecanut at KVK, Shimoga on 30.08.2013. The programme was inaugurated by Dr. P. M. Salimath, Special Officer, University of Agriculture and Horticultural Sciences, Shimoga. During the occasion while addressing the farmers he told due to heavy rainfall and uncongenial weather arecanut crop is affected by diseases. In order to create awareness about control measures of arecanut diseases University scientists visited various arecanut growing areas and interacted with farmers. Dr. Ravi Bhat, Head, Crop Production, CPCRI, Kasargod delivered inaugural speech and told CPCRI is organizing Farmer-Scientist interaction in various arecanut and coconut growing areas of Karnataka. Dr. Lakshmikanth, SADH, Department of Horticulture, Shimoga addressed the farmers about various schemes of Horticulture Department. Dr.T.H. Gowda, Associate Director of Extension, University of Agriculture and Horticultural Sciences, Shimoga presided over the function. Dr. Vinayaka Hegde, Head, Crop Protection, CPCRI, Kasargod, Dr. Narayanaswamy, Scientist, Arecanut Research Station, Shimoga, Dr. B. C. Hanumanthaswamy, Programme Coordinator, KVK, Shimoga and all the SMS's of KVK, Shimoga were present in the programme. 116 farmers from various parts of Shimoga had participated in the programme and interacted with scientists. Exhibits related to varieties, agronomic practices, nursery management, pest and disease management and harvesting of coconut, arecanut and cocoa were displayed for giving first hand information to the farmers.



Dignitaries visiting exhibition stall



Inauguration by Dr. P. M. Salimath Special Officer, UAHS, Shimoga



Inaugural address by Dr. P. M. Salimath Special Officer, UAHS, Shimoga



Participants of interface programme



Participants of interface programme



Farmer-scientist interaction

4. Interface programme on coconut and arecanut at KVK, Chamarajanagar

Interface programme was organized on 04.09.13 at Krishi Vigyan Kendra, Chamarajanagar. Dr. Nagaraja, N. R., Scientist, CPCRI, Vittal welcomed the guests and farmers. Dr. K. S. Ananda, Head, CPCRI, Regional Station, Vittal addressed the gathering about the production, protection and processing technologies on coconut and arecanut developed by CPCRI. Mr. B. Shivappa, Deputy Project Director (ATMA), Chamarajanagar was the Chief Guest and inaugurated the interface programme. During his inaugural address, he advised the farmers to adopt the improved technologies developed by CPCRI to enhance the productivity and profitability. He also emphasized the importance of allied enterprises like dairy, poultry, sericulture etc to enhance the income from horticulture. Shri Girish, Deputy Director of Horticulture, Chamarajanagar presided over the function. In his presidential address, he emphasized the importance of water saving technologies to sustain the production of coconut and arecanut due to deficit in rainfall for the last three years. Dr. Ravi Bhat, Head, Crop Production and Dr. Vianayaka Hegde, Head, Crop Protection from CPCRI, Kasaragod offered felicitations. Scientists from CPCRI Kasaragod and Vittal and Scientists from KrishiVigyan Kendra, Chamarajanagar and Officers from Department of Horticulture had interacted with farmers regarding production, protection & processing technologies and developmental programmes on coconut and arecanut. Dr. C. Doreswamy, Programme Coordinator, KVK, Chamarajanagar addressed the gathering and delivered vote of thanks. Exhibits related to varieties, agronomic practices, nursery management, pest and disease management and harvesting of coconut and arecanut were displayed for giving first hand information to the farmers. More than 100 farmers had participated and interacted with scientists regarding coconut and arecanut technologies.



Inauguration by Mr. B. Shivappa, Deputy Project Director (ATMA), Chamarajanagar



Inaugural address by Mr. B. Shivappa, Deputy Project Director (ATMA)



Participants of interface programme



Registration of participants



Participants visiting exhibition stall



5. Interface programme on coconut and arecanut at KVK, Ramanagar

Interface programme was organized on 05.09.13 at Krishi Vigyan Kendra, Ramanagar. Dr. Rajkumar, Scientist, CPCRI, Kasaragod welcomed the guests and farmers. Dr. K. S. Ananda, Head, CPCRI, Regional Station, Vittal addressed the gathering about the production, protection and processing technologies on coconut and arecanut developed by CPCRI. In his address, he emphasized the importance of entrepreneurial skills among farmers for taking up farming as a business for which CPCRI has initiated Business Planning and Development Unit for the benefit of entrepreneurs. Dr. Annaiah, Joint Director (Agriculture) was the Chief Guest and inaugurated the interface programme. During his inaugural address, he stressed the importance of soil and water management practices for increasing the productivity of coconut and arecanut. He also urged the farmers to adopt improved technologies developed by CPCRI. Dr. K. H. Nagaraj, Programme Coordinator, Ramanagar presided over the function. In his presidential address, he emphasized the importance of water saving technologies and mixed cropping system to sustain the production of coconut and arecanut. Dr. Ravi Bhat, Head, Crop Production and Dr. Vianayaka Hegde, Head, Crop Protection from CPCRI, Kasaragod offered felicitations to the interface programme. Scientists from CPCRI, Kasaragod and Vittal and Scientists from Krishi Vigyan Kendra, Ramanagar and Officers from Department of Horticulture had interacted with farmers regarding production, protection & processing technologies and developmental programmes on coconut and arecanut. Dr. Kamala Bai, SMS, KVK, Ramanagar proposed vote of thanks. Exhibits related to varieties, agronomic practices, nursery management, pest and disease management and harvesting of coconut and arecanut .were displayed for giving first hand information to the farmers. More than 100 farmers had participated and had interaction with scientists regarding coconut and arecanut technologies.



Inauguration by Dr. Annaiah, Joint Director (Agriculture), Ramanagar



Inaugural address by Dr. Annaiah, Joint Director (Agriculture), Ramanagar



Registration of farmers



Scientist-farmers interaction



Participants of interface programme



 $Farm \, ers\text{-}Scientists \ interaction$

6. Interface programme on coconut at KVK, VC Farm, Mandya

Interface programme was organized on 06.09.13 at Krishi Vigyan Kendra, V. C. Farm, Mandya. Dr. D. Jaganathan, Scientist, CPCRI, Regional Station, Vittal welcomed the guests and farmers. Dr. K. S. Ananda, Head, CPCRI, Regional Station, Vittal addressed the gathering about the production, protection and processing technologies on coconut developed by CPCRI. In his address, he emphasized the importance of entrepreneurial skills among farmers for taking up farming as a business for which CPCRI has initiated Business Planning and Development Unit for the benefit of entrepreneurs. Dr. K. T. Pandurangegowda, Dean, College of Agriculture, Mandya was the Chief Guest and inaugurated the interface programme. During his inaugural address, he stressed the importance of value addition in coconut for increasing the farm income from coconut. He also urged the farmers to adopt improved technologies developed by CPCRI. Dr. T. A. Sriramasetty, Associate Director of Research, Zonal Agricultural Research Station, Mandya presided over the function. In his presidential address, he emphasized the importance of nutrient management and mixed cropping system to sustain the production of coconut. Mr. T. Vijendrakumar, Senior Assistant Director of Horticulture, Mandya, Dr. Ravi Bhat, Head, Crop Production and Dr. Vianayaka Hegde, Head, Crop Protection from CPCRI, Kasaragod and Dr. Nagaraj, Dean, Diploma Agricultural College, Mandya offered felicitations to the interface programme. Scientists from CPCRI Kasaragod and Vittal and Scientists from Krishi Vigyan Kendra, Mandya and Officers from Department of Horticulture had interacted with farmers regarding production, protection & processing technologies and developmental programmes on coconut. Dr. V. B. Sanathkumar, Programme Coordinator, KVK, Mandya proposed vote of thanks. Exhibits related to varieties, agronomic practices, nursery management, pest and disease management and harvesting of coconut, arecanut and cocoa were displayed for giving first hand information to the farmers. More than 150 farmers had participated and had interaction with scientists regarding coconut technologies. About 300 students from College of Agriculture and Diploma Agricultural College had visited the exhibition stall of CPCRI and got acquainted with CPCRI technologies.



Inauguration by Dr. K.T. Pandurangegowda Dean, College of Agriculture, Mandya



Inaugural address by Dr. K.T. Pandurangegowda, Dean, College of Agriculture, Mandya



Registration of farmers



Farmers at exhibition stall



Participants of interface



Interaction between farmers-scientists

7. Interface programme on coconut and arecanut at KVK, Tiptur

An interface programme between the Scientists of Central Plantation Crops Research Institute and the Farmers of Tumkur District was held at KVK, Konehalli on 12.09.13. About 250 coconut and arecanut farmers and entrepreneurs attended the interface programme. While inaugurating the programme, Dr George V. Thomas, Director, CPCRI, Kasaragod enlisted the crop improvement, production, protection and value addition technologies developed at CPCRI, Kasaragod and Regional Station, Vittal to enhance the productivity of both coconut and arecanut and to improve the livelihood of the farmers dependent on coconut and arecanut. Dr. K. S. Ananda welcomed the gathering and also gave information about the improved varieties of coconut and arecanut available for different end products suitable for different agroclimatic conditions. Dr. Ravi Bhat addressed the gathering about the soil, plant, water and nutritional aspects to enhance the productivity and profitability from unit land. He emphasized the need of restoring the soil health for sustainable production. The pest and diseases of coconut and arecanut and their management was dealt in detail by Dr. Vinayaka Hegde. He informed the house that CPCRI is ready to take up demonstrations on management of black headed caterpillar and anabe disease in collaboration with KVK, Tiptur and Department of Horticulture. Dr. K. B. Hebbar highlighted the importance and possibilities of enhancing the profitability of coconut growers through value addition. He demonstrated how coconut sap (neera) can be collected in fresh and hygienic way and promoted as a health drink and byproducts like natural sugar, jaggery and honey can be prepared without the use of chemicals. The sugar thus produced has less glycemic index and ideal for diabetic patients. Dr. G. M. Sujith, Programme Coordinator, KVK, Tiptur narrated the KVK activities undertaken for the benefit of coconut and arecanut farmers. Throughout the presentations farmers showed keen interest in knowing the latest technologies and were clarifying the doubts about the cultivation, protection and value addition in coconut and arecanut. The officials from Department of Horticulture, Coconut Producers Associations, Dharmasthala Rural Development Unit, SHGs and different farmers' organizations were part of the programme. An exhibition depicting the technologies on coconut and arecanut were arranged which attracted large number of farmers.



Inauguration by Dr. George V. Thomas Director, CPCRI, Kasaragod



Presidential address by Dr. G. M. Sujith Programme Coordinator, KVK, Tiptur



Registration of farmers



Interaction between farmers – scientists at exhibition stall



Farmers during interface



Interaction between farmers-scientists

8. Interface programme on coconut and arecanut at JSS KVK, Mysore

Interface programme was organized in collaboration with JSS KVK, Suttur on 13.09.13. About 110 coconut and arecanut farmers and entrepreneurs attended the interface programme. While delivering the introductory remarks about the programme Dr. K. S. Ananda, Head, CPCRI, Regional Station, Vittal enlisted the crop improvement, production, protection and value addition technologies developed at CPCRI, Kasaragod and Regional Station, Vittal to enhance the productivity of both coconut and arecanut and to improve the livelihood of the farmers dependent on coconut and arecanut. Shri. N. M. Shivashankarappa, Director of Horticulture, JSS Mahavidyalaya, Mysore inaugurated the programme and highlighted that it is a golden opportunity and farmers should take full advantage of the programme. Dr. K. M. Indiresh, Dean, College of Agriculture, Tandavpura highlighted the plight of coconut farmers in this region because of the drought and pest attack. Dr. Ravi Bhat, Head, Crop Production welcomed the gathering and also gave information about the soil, plant, water and nutritional aspects to enhance the productivity and profitability from unit land. He emphasized the need of restoring the soil health for sustainable production. The pest and diseases of coconut and arecanut and their management was dealt in detail by Dr. Vinayaka Hegde, Head, Crop Protection. Dr. K. B. Hebbar, Head, PB&PHT highlighted the importance and possibilities of enhancing the profitability of coconut growers through value addition. He demonstrated how coconut sap (neera) can be collected in fresh and hygienic way and promoted as a health drink and products like natural sugar, jaggery and honey can be prepared without the use of chemicals. The sugar thus produced has less glycemic index and ideal for diabetic patients. Mr. Shivalingappa, SADH, Nanjanagudu felicitated the programme. Dr. Arun Balamatti, Programme Coordinator, KVK, Suttur, narrated the KVK activities undertaken for the benefit of coconut and arecanut farmers. Throughout the presentations farmers showed keen interest in knowing the latest technologies and were clarifying the doubts about the cultivation, protection and value addition in coconut and arecanut. The officials from Department of Horticulture, coconut producers associations, were part of the programme. An exhibition depicting the technologies on coconut and arecanut were arranged which attracted large number of farmers.



Inauguration by Shri. N. M. Shivashankarappa Director of Horticulture, JSS Mahavidyalaya Mysore



Presidential address by Dr. K. M. Indiresh Dean, College of Agriculture, Tandavpura



Registration of participants



Dignitaries visiting exhibition stall



Farmers during interface



Interaction between farmers-scientists

9. Interface programme on coconut and arecanut at KVK, Hiriyur

Interface programme was organized on 24.09.2013 at Krishi Vigyan Kendra, Hiriyur. Dr. Ravi Bhat, Head, Crop Production, CPCRI, Kasaragod welcomed the guests and farmers. Dr. K. S. Ananda, Head, CPCRI, Regional Station, Vittal addressed the gathering about the production, protection and processing technologies on coconut and arecanut developed by CPCRI. In his address, he emphasized the importance of entrepreneurial skills among farmers for taking up farming as a business for which CPCRI has initiated Business Planning and Development Unit for the benefit of entrepreneurs. Dr. K. T. Rajendraprasad, Senior Farm Superintendent, ZHARS, Babbur farm, Hiriyur was the Chief Guest and inaugurated the interface programme. During his inaugural address, he stressed the importance of soil and water management practices for increasing the productivity of coconut and arecanut. He also urged the farmers to adopt improved technologies developed by CPCRI. Dr. K. R. Devaraju, Deputy Director, Dept. of Horticulture addressed the gathering and requested the farmers to utilize the facilities provided by the department. Shri. M. Shankarappa, District President, Raitha Sangha presided over the function. In his presidential address, he emphasized the importance of water saving technologies and mixed cropping system to sustain the production of coconut and arecanut. Dr. D. Chandrappa, Programme Coordinator, KVK, Hiriyur thanked the dignitaries and farmers for participating in the training programme. Dr. K. S. Ananda, Dr. Ravi Bhat, Dr. Vianayaka Hegde and Dr. Rajkumar from CPCRI and Scientists from KrishiVigyan Kendra, Hiriyur interacted with farmers regarding production, protection & processing technologies and developmental programmes on coconut and arecanut. More than 130 farmers had participated and had interaction with scientists regarding coconut and arecanut technologies. An exhibition depicting the technologies on coconut and arecanut were arranged which attracted large number of farmers.



Inauguration by Shri. M. Shankarappa District President, Raitha Sangha



Inaugural address by Shri. M. Shankarappa District President, Raitha Sangha



Registration of participants



Farmers visiting exhibition stall



Farmers during interface



Ineraction between Farmers-Scientists

10. Interface programme on coconut and arecanut at KVK, Davanagere

Interface programme was organized on 25.09.2013 at Krishi Vigyan Kendra, Davanagere. Dr. Ravi Bhat, Head, Crop Production, CPCRI, Kasaragod welcomed the guests and farmers. Dr. K. S. Ananda, Head, CPCRI, Regional Station, Vittal addressed the gathering about the production, protection and processing technologies of coconut and arecanut developed by CPCRI. In his address, he emphasized the importance of entrepreneurial skills among farmers for taking up farming as a business for which CPCRI has initiated Business Planning and Development Unit for the benefit of entrepreneurs. Dr. Nagaraju, Assistant Commissioner, Davanagere was the Chief Guest and inaugurated the interface programme. During his inaugural address, he stressed the importance of mixed cropping system to increase the profitability in coconut and arecanut. He also urged the farmers to adopt improved technologies developed by CPCRI. While addressing the gathering Dr. Umesh Shankar Mirji, Deputy Director, Department of Horticulture assured that Department will coordinate to adopt the technologies of CPCRI for enhancing the profitability of farmers. Mr. M. K. Renukarya presided over the function. In his presidential address, he emphasized the importance of mixed cropping system to sustain the production of coconut and arecanut. Dr. T. N. Devaraja, Programme Coordinator, KVK, Davanagere thanked the dignitaries and farmers for participating in the interface programme and highlighted the activities of Taralabalu Krish Vigyan Kendra. Scientists from CPCRI and KrishiVigyan Kendra, Davanagere interacted with farmers regarding production, protection & processing technologies and developmental programmes on coconut and arecanut. More than 200 farmers had participated and had interaction with scientists regarding coconut and arecanut technologies. An exhibition depicting the technologies on coconut and arecanut were arranged which attracted large number of farmers.



Inauguration by Dr. Nagaraju Assistant Commissioner, Davanagere



Inaugural address by Dr. Nagaraju Assistant Commissioner, Davanagere



Registration of participants



Farmers visiting exhibition stall



Participants during interface



Interaction between scientists-farmers

11. Interface programme on arecanut at Sringeri

Interface Programme was organized on 07.10.13 at Sri. Chapparada Anjaneya temple, Sringeri. Dr. Nagaraja, N. R., Scientist, CPCRI, Vittal welcomed the guests and farmers. Dr. Ravi Bhat, Head, Crop Production, CPCRI, Kasaragod addressed the gathering about the purpose of the interface programme. Dr. B. S. Sathyanarayana Reddy, Director of Research, UAHS, Shimoga was the Chief Guest and inaugurated the interface programme. During his inaugural address, he narrated the problems faced by arecanut growers viz., yellow leaf disease, root grub, fruit rot disease etc., which are to be tackled for safeguarding the livelihood security of the farmers. Shri. Lion Sathish, President of Lions Club, Sringeri presided over the function. In his presidential address, he emphasized the importance of strong linkage between scientists and farmers for doing scientific agriculture. Scientists from CPCRI, Kasaragod and Vittal and Scientist from Agriculture & Horticulture Research Station, Sringeri and Officers from Department of Horticulture had interacted with farmers regarding production, protection & processing technologies and developmental programmes on arecanut. Dr. B. S. Shivakumar, Head, Agriculture & Horticulture Research Station, Sringeri addressed the gathering and delivered vote of thanks. Exhibits related to varieties, agronomic practices, nursery management, pest and disease management and harvesting of arecanut were displayed for giving first hand information to the farmers. More than 200 farmers had participated and had interaction with scientists regarding arecanut technologies. Detailed discussion regarding the yellow leaf disease was held between scientists and farmers. Farmers strongly demanded remedial measures/ management practices for yellow leaf disease.



Inauguration by Dr. B. S. Sathyanarayana Reddy Director of Research, UAHS, Shimoga



Inaugural address by Dr. B. S. Sathyanarayana Reddy, Director of Research, UAHS, Shimoga



Registration of Participants



Participants during interface



Farmer-scientists interface



Interaction of scientists and farmers

12. Interface programme on coconut and arecanut at Sirsi

Interface Programme was organized on 09.10.13 at College of Forestry, Sirsi in collaboration with KrishiVigyan Kendra, Sirsi and College of Forestry, Sirsi (University of Agricultural Sciences, Dharwad). Dr. Ravi Bhat, Head, Crop Production, CPCRI, Kasaragod welcomed the guests and farmers. Dr. George V. Thomas, Director, CPCRI, Kasaragod addressed the gathering about the purpose of the interface programme. In his introductory remarks, he emphasized the problems especially Mahali and crown rot diseases in arecanut due to continuous and heavy rainfall during the year. He also stressed on the importance of growing intercrops viz., cocoa, banana and black pepper in arecanut garden to increase the profit from farming. Dr. L. Krishna Naik, Director of Extension, UAS, Dharwad was the Chief Guest and inaugurated the interface programme. During his inaugural address, he stressed on the importance of adoption of improved technologies to manage crop nutrients, pests and diseases for enhancing the yield. Dr. S. L. Madiwalar, Dean, College of Forestry, Sirsi presided over the function. In his presidential address, he stressed on the effect of climate change on plantation crops which need to be tackled through scientific interventions. Dr. S. T. Naik, Associate Director of Extension, UAS, Dharwad, Dr. H. R. Naik, Dy. Director of Horticulture, Uttara Kannada, Shri. M. V. Hegde, President, Arecanut and Spice Crop growers Association, Uttara Kannada offered felicitations. Scientists from CPCRI, Kasaragod and Vittal and Scientists from KVK, Sirsi, and Officers from Department of Horticulture had interacted with farmers regarding production, protection & processing technologies and developmental programmes on coconut, arecanut and cocoa. Dr. Roopa S. Patil, Programme Coordinator, KVK, Sirsi addressed the gathering and delivered vote of thanks. Exhibits related to varieties, agronomic practices, nursery management, pest and disease management and harvesting of coconut, arecanut and cocoa were displayed for giving first hand information to the farmers. More than 120 farmers had participated and had interaction with scientists regarding coconut, arecanut and cocoa technologies. More than 250 students from College of Forestry, Sirsi had visited CPCRI exhibition stall and got familiarized with technologies on coconut, areacanut and cocoa.



Inauguration by Dr. L. Krishna Naik Director of Extension, UAS, Dharwad



Inaugural address by Dr. L. Krishna Naik Director of Extension, UAS, Dharwad



Dignitaries visiting exhibition stall



Participants at exhibition stall



Participants during interface



Interaction between Scientist and farmers

13. Interface programme on awareness cum demonstration on management of black headed caterpillar in coconut at Arasikere

Awareness cum demonstration on management of black headed caterpillar in coconut was organized on 10.10.13 at First grade College, Arasikere in collaboration with Horticultural research station, Arasikere (University of Horticultural Sciences, Bagalkot). Dr. Vinayaka Hegde, Head, Crop Protection, CPCRI, Kasaragod welcomed the guests and farmers. Dr. Chandrika Mohan, Principal Scientist, CPCRI, Kayamkulam narrated the management practices for black headed caterpillar. Dr. George V. Thomas, Director, CPCRI, Kasaragod was the Chief Guest and inaugurated the interface programme. In his inaugural address, he pointed out the severity of this pest causing yield loss in coconut especially in Tumkur and Hassan districts of Karnataka. He also stressed on the importance of integrated management of black headed caterpillar as single approach may not give desirable results. Successful management of black headed caterpillar in coconut demands the wholehearted cooperation from farmers, Department of Horticulture, KVK and other line departments. Prof. Syed Basha, Principal, Government First Grade College, Arasikere presided over the function. In his presidential address, he stressed on the importance of group approach in managing the leaf eating caterpillar in coconut. Dr. Ravi Bhat, Head, Crop Production, CPCRI, Kasaragod offered felicitations. Scientists from CPCRI Kasaragod and Vittal and Scientists from HRS, Arasikere and Officers from Department of Horticulture had interacted with farmers regarding management of black headed caterpillar in coconut and also technologies for enhancing the profitability of coconut farming. Dr. S. Basavaraju, Head, Horticultural Research Station, Arasikere addressed the gathering and delivered vote of thanks. More than 120 farmers had participated and had interaction with scientists. More than 100 students from Govt. First grade college, Arasikere had participated and got familiarized with management of black headed caterpillar in coconut.



Inauguration by Dr. George V. Thomas Director, CPCRI, Kasaragod



Registration of the participants



Participants of awareness cum demonstration programme



Interaction between scientists-farmers



Black headed caterpillar affected coconut garden



Demonstration on release of parasitoids for the management of BHC

14. Interface programme on coconut and arecanut at KVK, Hassan

Interface programme was organized on 11.10.13 at Krishi Vigyan Kendra, Hassan in collaboration with Krishi Vigyan Kendra, Hassan (University of Agricultural Sciences, Bangalore). Dr. K. S. Ananda, Head, CPCRI, RS, Vittal welcomed the guests and farmers. Dr. George V. Thomas, Director, CPCRI, Kasaragod was the Chief Guest and inaugurated the interface programme. During his inaugural address, he stressed on the importance of adoption of improved technologies to manage crop nutrients, pests and diseases for enhancing the yield. He also stressed on the importance of growing intercrops viz., cocoa, banana and black pepper in coconut and arecanut garden to increase the profit from farming. Dr. B. S. Basavaraj, Programme Coordinator, KVK, Hassan presided over the function. In his presidential address, he stressed on the importance of improved technologies in today's agriculture. Mr. B. Shivaraju, Joint Director of Agriculture, Hassan and Mr. Shakeel Ahamad, Dy. Director of Horticulture, Hassan offered felicitations. Scientists from CPCRI Kasaragod and Vittal and Scientists from KVK, Hassan and Officers from Department of Horticulture had interacted with farmers regarding production, protection & processing technologies and developmental programmes on coconut, arecanut and cocoa. Dr. Dr. S. Channakeshava, SMS (Soil Science), KVK, Hassan delivered vote of thanks. Exhibits related to varieties, agronomic practices, nursery management, pest and disease management and harvesting of coconut, arecanut and cocoa were displayed for giving first hand information to the farmers. More than 120 farmers had participated and had interaction with scientists regarding coconut, arecanut and cocoa technologies.



Registration of the participants



Inauguration of exhibition by Dr. George V. Thomas, Director, CPCRI



Dr. George V. Thomas, Director, CPCRI & Scientists at the exhibition stall



Participants visiting exhibition stall



Inauguration by Chief Guest Dr. George V. Thomas, Director, CPCRI



Interaction between scientists-farmers

S.No.	S.No. Venue	Date	No. of	Discussion/feedback from the participants
			Participants	
1	Dharmavaram Auditorium,	24.8.13	180	Effect of bio pot, biofight, bioshot etc., on the control of fruit rot disease of arecanut to be studied
	Udupi			$\checkmark~$ Possibility of Pheromone traps in controlling root grubs menace in a recannt to be investigated
				V Feasibility of management of mahali by application of fungicides through roots/soil needs to be studied
				Management of wild animals attack by concerned department
				V Reasons for fluctuation/ low price of coconut to be investigated
				Subsidies for sprinkler irrigation to be given
				Quality aspects of inputs <i>viz.</i> , copper sulphate, lime etc. should be
				ensured by the Department before selling to the farmers
				 V Crop insurance for coconut against natural calamities to be arranged
2	Town Hall,	27.8.13	153	
	Sullia			V fellow leaf disease management practices in arecanut to be devel-
	Juma,			
	Dakshina			V Effect of bio pot, biolight, bioshot etc., on the control of fruit rot
	Kannada			disease of arecanut to be studied
				V Soll testing facilities are to be established at taluk level
				V Reasons for fluctuation/ low price of coconut to be investigated

Table 5. Discussion/feedback from the participants of interface programmes

				$\sqrt{2}$ Quality aspects of inputs <i>viz.</i> , copper sulphate, lime etc. should be ensured by the Department before selling to the farmers
				 Feasibility of growing cocoa as monocrop to be studied Importance of nutrient management in coconut and arecanut
				V Management of root grubs in arecanut
				V Alternative crops to be suggested in Yellow Leaf Disease affected
				areas
				V Feasibility of management of mahali by application of fungicides
				through roots/soil needs to be studied
				V Method of preparation of Bordeaux mixture to be demonstrated
				V Training programmes on mechanical palm climbing for youth, farm
				women to be organized
ŝ	KVK, Shimoga	30.8.13	130	V Tendernut dehusking machine for arecanut to be developed
				 A Arecanut har vester to be developed
				 Management of arecanut planted in paddy fields
				V Instant Bordeaux mixture for the management of fruit rot/mahali
				V Selection criteria for arecanut mother palms
				V Precautions in managing fruit rot/Mahali
				√ Whether grazing by animals in arecanut garden will affect the yield
				 Fertilizer management in arecanut especially K
				 Advantage of mulching using arecanut husk
				\[\lambda Advantages of sprinkler irrigation \]
				V Preparation of vermicompost using arecanut wastes

narajanagar , mangar , Mandya 06.9.13 101 2 , Mandya 06.9.13 139 2 , Mandya 06.9.13 139 2 , K	4	KVK.	04.9.13	104	V Suitable coconut and arecanut varieties for Chamarajanagar
KVK, 05.9.13 101 KVK, 84 KVK, 05.9.13 101 KVK, 105.9.13 101 KVK, 105.9.13 101 KVK, 105.9.13 139 KVK, Mandya 06.9.13 139 KVK, Mandya 06.9.13 139 KVK, Mandya 105.9.13 KVK, Mandya 105.9.13 KVK, Mandya 105.9.13 KVK, Mandya 105.9.13 KVK, Mandya 105.9.		Chamarajanagar			V Package of practices for coconut and arecanut cultivation
KVK, 05.9.13 101 4 Ramanagar 05.9.13 101 4 Ramanagar 05.9.13 101 4 KVK, Mandya 06.9.13 139 4		0			
KVK, 05.9.13 101 4 Ramanagar 05.9.13 101 4 Ramanagar 05.9.13 101 4 KVK, Mandya 06.9.13 139 4					
KVK, 05.9.13 101 V Ramanagar 05.9.13 101 V KVK, Mandya 06.9.13 139 V					
Ramangar KVK, Mandya 06.9.13 139	5	KVK,	05.9.13	101	V Management of stem breaking due to sun scorching
KVK, Mandya 06.9.13 139		Ramanagar			 Management of black headed caterpillar in coconut
KVK, Mandya 06.9.13 139 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2)			 Effect of application of soil from outside in arecanut garden
KVK, Mandya 06.9.13 139 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2					V Reasons for aerial roots in arecanut
KVK, Mandya 06.9.13 139 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2					V Whether zero cultivation will increase the arecanut yield
KVK, Mandya 06.9.13 139 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2					 Effect of ploughing in arecanut garden
KVK, Mandya 06.9.13 139 2					V Availability of subsidies for production of Virgin Coconut Oil
KVK, Mandya 06.9.13 139 2					V Recommended spacing for arecanut and intercrops
KVK, Mandya 06.9.13 139 2					V Possible health hazards due to arecanut consumption
KVK, Mandya 06.9.13 139 4					
	9	KVK, Mandya	06.9.13	139	Management of Ganoderma/stem bleeding, bud rot, eriophyid mite
					and black headed caterpillar in coconut
					V Advantages of coconut value added products
					V Benefits of balanced fertilization in coconut
					 Labour saving devices for spraying/har vesting of coconut
					V Mixed crops/intercrops in coconut garden
					V Advantages of crop diversification
					V Management of stem breaking due to sun scorching
					V Training on coconut climbing device for rural youth & farm women

L	KVK, Tiptur,	12.9.13	208	✓ Management of black headed caterpillar in coconut
	Tumkur			V Reasons for stem breaking in arecanut
				 V Benefits of balanced fertilization
				V Labour saving devices for spraying/harvesting of coconut
				V Mixed crops/intercrops in coconut garden
				V Advantages of crop diversification
				\checkmark Effect of application of soil from outside in coconut/arecanut
				garden
				V Reasons for aerial roots in arecanut
				V Training on coconut climbing device for rural youth, farm women
				✓ Effect of drip irrigation on the yield of coconut
8	KVK, Suttur,	13.9.13	110	Management of eriophyid mite and black headed caterpillar in
	Mysore			coconut
				 Method of application of fertilizer in coconut
				V Labour saving devices for spraying/harvesting of coconut
				 Mixed crops/intercrops in coconut garden
				Value added products in coconut for maximising profit
				V Training on coconut climbing device
				Effect of drip irrigation on growth and yield of coconut
				$\sqrt{}$ Management of stem bleeding and button shedding in coconut
6	KVK,	24.9.13	123	$\checkmark~$ Suitable are canut and coconut varieties for plain areas of Karnataka
	Chitradurga			should be identified
				\checkmark More number of training programmes may be organized for improv-
				ing the knowledge and skill of the farmers

				Lack of availability of good quality planting materials especially
				hybrids of coconut and arecanut
				$\sqrt{-1}$ Suitable management practices for wild animals and rodents may be
				given
				V Management practices for Stem bleeding and Ganoderma diseases in
				coconut
				$\checkmark~$ Establishment of bio control lab for managing coconut leaf eating
				caterpillar
				$\sqrt{-1}$ Suitable intercrops/ mixed crops in coconut and arecanut gardens
				of plain areas
				$\sqrt{1}$ The arecanut and coconut varieties suitable to plain areas of
10	KVK	25,9,13	151	Karnataka should be identified
•	Davanagere			$\sqrt{-1}$ Transfer of technology programmes for farmers should be strength-
	0			ened
				V Good quality planting materials to be supplied to the farmers
				$\sqrt{-}$ Giant African snails, squirrels and monkeys are major non insect pest
				causing higher yield loss than insect pests hence suitable recommen-
				dations may be suggested
				V Management practices for Stem bleeding and ganoderma diseases in
				coconut to be recommended
				\checkmark Establishment of bio control lab for the management of coconut leaf
				eating caterpillar
				√ Intercrops/mixed crops suitable for coconut and arecanut gardens

				V Research on tender nut varieties and processing in arecanut to be
11	Sri Chapparada	07.10.13	190	done
	Anjaneya			Effect of biofight, bio pot etc on the management of Mahali/ Fruit
	Temple,			rot in arecanut
	Sringeri,			 Alternative fungicide to Bordeaux mixture to be identified
	Chickmagalore			 Management of yellow leaf disease in arecanut
				V Management practices for quick wilt in black pepper
				$\sqrt{}$ Research findings on Yellow Leaf Disease in a recanut to be communi-
				cated
				 Alternative crops in YLD affected arecanut gardens
				V Method of preparation of Bordeaux mixture
				 Effect of micronutrients on growth and yield of arecanut
				V Chemicals for managing root grubs in arecanut
				 Method of application of fertilizers to be demonstrated
				$\sqrt{}$ Demonstration plots to be established for managing YLD in arecanut
				 Management practices for bud rot and crown rot
				V Suitable varieties for malnad regions of Karnataka
				 Detection techniques for yellow leaf disease in arecanut
12	College of	09.10.13	122	V Effect of bio pot, bio fight etc. on the control of <i>Phytphthora</i> diseases of arecamit
	Forestry, Sirsi,			 Management of eriophyid mite in coconut
	Uttara Kannada			 Advantages of value added products in coconut Remefits of halanced fertilization
) 51				

				V Labour saving devices for spraying/har vesting of arecanut
				 Mixed crops/intercrops in arecanut garden
				 Advantages of crop diversification
				V Arecanut dehusking machines for doing small scale processing
				 Management of root grubs in arecanut
				V Reasons for poor quality inputs in the market
13	Govt First	10.10.13	107	V What is the organic source of K
	Grade College,			 Advantages of compost in improving the soil fertility
	Arasikere,			 Advantages of mulching in coconut garden
	Hassan			 Method of preparing compost
				 V Chemical control of black headed caterpillar in coconut
				V Management for red palm weevil and rhinoceros beetle in coconut
				V Suitable coconut and arecanut varieties for Hassan district
14	KVK, Hassan	11.10.13	112	V Reasons for poor quality inputs in the market
				 Method of application of fertilizer in coconut garden
				 Advantages of compost in improving the soil fertility
				 Advantages of mulching in coconut garden
				 V Chemical control of black headed caterpillar in coconut
				V Management practices for red palm weevil and rhinoceros beetle
				V Suitable intercrops in coconut garden
				V Value added products in coconut for maximising profit
				 V Soil sampling for soil testing to be demonstrated
				V Good quality planting materials to be supplied to farmers
				V Spraying/harvesting devices for coconut and arecanut
J				

6. SUMMARY OF FEEDBACK FROM COCONUT AND ARECANUT GROWERS

- Quality of agricultural inputs should be ensured thoroughly by the concerned department before distribution to the farmers
- Labour saving devices especially for spraying and harvesting operations should be developed
- Fixation of minimum support price for coconut and arecanut
- Remedial measures/management practices for yellow leaf disease of arecanut are to be developed
- Suitable alternate crops for arecanutYLD affected areas are to be identified
- Technologies for application of fungicides through roots for the management of fruit rot, bud rot and crown rot in arecanut are to be developed
- Training programmes on improved technologies on coconut and arecanut especially post harvest technologies and labour saving machineries are to be organized
- Soil testing facilities are to be established at Taluk level for benefit of farming community
- Arrangements are to be made for supply of good quality planting materials especially high yielding varieties and hybrids of coconut and arecanut
- Training programmes on organic farming technologies in coconut are to be organized
- Management of black headed caterpillar in coconut by establishing bio control lab/ parasite breeding station at village/taluk level
- Frontline demonstration plots on 'Integrated management of black headed caterpillar in coconut' are to be conducted
- Video films on production technologies of coconut and arecanut in local language are to be produced

- Exposure visits for the farmers to ICAR institutes, SAUs, SHUs, KVKs etc. for updating the latest technologies on coconut and arecanut are to be organized
- Suitable arecanut varieties for malnad and plain areas for tendernut processing should be developed
- Alternative fungicides to Bordeaux mixture in managing the *Phytophthora* diseases of arecanut are to be identified
- Demonstration plots for the management of yellow leaf disease of arecanut are to be established
- Frontline demonstration plots on 'Integrated management of root grubs in arecanut' are to be conducted
- Linkage between CPCRI, SAUs, KVKS and Department of Horticulture should be strengthened for effective dissemination of technologies to the farmers.

7. STRATEGY FOR STRENGTHENING INTERFACE PROGRAMMES

Based on the experiences gained during the district level interface programmes it is understood that research-farmer-extension interface is the need of the hour to enhance the adoption of improved technologies in coconut and arecanut. Hence, this type of efforts should be continued for strengthening transfer of technology programmes for improving coconut and arecanut sector in Karnataka state. The following points are put forward which are to be implemented in collaboration with all stakeholders.

Advisory Committee: Committee may be constituted for taking appropriate policy decisions for conducting interface programmes. The members may be identified as follows,

Agriculture Minister, Government of Karnataka Vice-Chancellors of SAUs/SHUs Director, CPCRI, Kasaragod Head, CPCRI, Regional Station, Vittal Chairman, Coconut Development Board, Cochin Director, Directorate of Arecanut and Spices Development, Calicut Secretary, Department of Horticulture President, CAMPCO, Mangalore Representatives from farmer's organizations/NGOs

District level interface programmes: In Karnataka, coconut and arecanut are the important plantation crops in thirteen districts where, research-farmer-extension interface programmes are to be conducted once in a year. Proper planning and execution of interface programmes are to be done by state level committee involving all stakeholders.

Participants

Farmers: Interested coconut and arecanut growers in the district representing different areas with different holding size are to be informed for attending interface programmes.

Extension Personnel: District level officers of different development departments and all the Horticultural officers of the Department of Horticulture shall attend the interface programme.

Scientists: Multidisciplinary team of Scientists from CPCRI and SAUs/SHUs shall present their technologies in the interface programmes.

Organization

Programme Coordinator of the KrishiVigyan Kendra (KVK) or Deputy Director of Horticulture in the district will be the coordinator of Research-Farmer-Extension interface programmes at the district level.

Subject matter areas to be covered

Technologies on crop improvement, crop production, crop protection and processing can be included for the discussion in the interface. Specific topics for discussion in the district level interface programme are to be decided taking into account the problems and opportunities for coconut and arecanut farming in the district.

Methodology

The following steps are to be followed for organizing interface programmes.

Identifying the gaps in knowledge and adoption of improved technologies among farmers, problems encountered by farmers, pooling of resources for organizing interface programmes, fund mobilization, selecting resource persons from different institutions and panel discussion for interaction among the participants.

Funds

The funds required for organizing interface programmes on coconut and arecanut shall be arranged from the following agencies

Government of Karnataka Coconut Development Board, Kochi Directorate of Arecanut and Spices Development, Calicut CPCRI, Kasaragod CPCRI, Regional Station, Vittal, Karnataka Krishi Vigyan Kendra CAMPCO Farmers' organizations

Transfer of technology programmes for coconut and arecanut development as a follow up to interface programme

The term technology transfer is defined as the process of movement of technology from one entity to another. Technology is defined as application of scientific knowledge for solving problems in particular field. The technology should have practical purpose and easy to use. Central Plantation Crops Research Institute (CPCRI) and State Agricultural Universities (SAUs)/ SHUs of Karnataka are mainly involved in research and extension activities for coconut and arecanut development.

On campus / off campus Training programmes: The term training refers to the acquisition of knowledge, skills, and competencies as a result of the teaching of vocational or practical skills related to farming. Training can be conducted either at the institute or at the farmer's field. Training programmes for the extension personnel/farmers may be conducted with the financial assistance from Coconut Development Board, Kochi, Directorate of Arecanut and Spices Development, Calicut. Trainings may be organized for agricultural/horticultural officers, farmers, Self Help Groups etc. based on the need and request. The topics, venue, participants and resource persons may be decided during the interface programmes. Facilities available at KrishiVigyan Kendras, research stations of CPCRI, research stations of SAUs/SHUs may effectively be used for organizing on campus training programmes. Off campus training programmes may be conducted at the coconut/arecanut gardens.

Front Line Demonstration: "first-line demonstrations," conducted by researchers on the farmers' fields to show how production can be increased per unit of area and per unit of time. Based on the discussion in the interface programme, FLDs shall be established in the farmers' gardens to convince the farmers about the technical feasibility and economic viability of the proven technologies. Particulars of technologies, number of FLDs, venue, scientists and extension personnel to be involved, collaborating institutions etc., to be finalized during the interface programme. Subject matter specialists of KVKs will be coordinating the activities for arranging FLDs with the technical support of scientists from CPCRI and SAUs/SHUs. The results of FLD are to be popularized among farmers by organizing field day and writing success story.

Farm advisory visit: A multi-disciplinary team of scientists visit farmers' fields and give expert or professional advice for solving problems related to coconut and arecanut farming.

Based on the discussions in the interface programmes, farm advisory visits to selected coconut and arecanut gardens by a team of multidisciplinary scientists and extension personnel are to be planned to diagnose the field problems and suggest suitable solutions. Based on the recommendations of the farm advisory visit, extension activities utilizing mass media and other means to create awareness among coconut and arecanut farmers experiencing similar field problems are to be done by Department of Horticulture.

Method demonstration: Organized to show the technique of doing things or carrying out new practices, e.g. Bordeaux mixture preparation, Virgin Coconut Oil production, mechanical palm climbing etc. Demonstrations are to be organized based on the need and request from farmers. Technologies to be demonstrated, venue, participants, resource persons etc are to be decided during the interface programme.

Community Based Organizations (CBOs): Livelihood of a substantial number of families in rural poor communities in Karnataka depends on coconut and arecanut farming. Many a times, the income generated from coconut and arecanut farming in small and marginal holdings does not provide enough for meeting the requirements of such families. Technology options for enhancing income from coconut and arecanut farming in such poor rural communities do exist, but not fully realized in field situation. The fragmented holdings don't render themselves viable for the optimum utilization of resources and the adoption of improved technologies by the cultivators. To augment the production and productivity of such small and marginal holdings it is suggested to have group management of resources which helps to overcome the inherent weaknesses of the fragmented holdings. The concept of organizing farmers into Community Based Organizations (CBO) for sustainable income enhancement with the objective of efficient management of farmers' resources to reduce cost of cultivation and to increase productivity through integration of technologies even in very small farm holdings have been demonstrated by CPCRI in selected localities.

The approach for forming CBOs may include i) growing suitable inter/mixed crops in coconut gardens and integrating animal husbandry and other subsidiary enterprises with coconut farming ii) cultivating high yielding cultivars of coconut to enhance the yield and income and iii) promote the diversification of coconut products. The implementation of the strategies envisaged in the project was routed through Community Based Organisation of coconut growers in the selected communities. Micro-credit for introducing the interventions envisaged under the project was routed through the CBO. Joint, participatory

analysis of the coconut farming scenario in the community was undertaken by the team of scientists and farmers under the CBO to design the technological interventions to be implemented. A close linkage was developed between the CBO and scientists from CPCRI for the effective implementation of interventions. Arrangements for procuring planting materials, inputs and organising training programmes on CBO management and relevant technologies were done through the CBO with close collaboration with CPCRI and other agencies. This innovative extension methodology can be adopted for the implementation.

Promoting women's self help groups: It is generally assessed that there is immense scope for introducing interventions related to the promotion of women's self help groups for processing of diversified coconut products at the farm household and community level. Topics such as concept and practices of Entrepreneurship Development, group approach for micro level interventions on product diversification in coconut, production of quality copra using copra dryers, coconut kernel based food products, preparation of coconut candies, production of Snow Ball Tender Nut, production of coconut chips, Oyster mushroom cultivation on coconut wastes and production of vermicompost using coconut leaves etc can be included in the Entrepreneurship Development Programme.

Publication of extension literature on coconut and arecanut: Technical bulletins, folders, pamphlets, CD ROMs and Video Cassettes on production, protection and processing technologies are to be prepared for effective dissemination and popularization of the technologies among the farmers and extension personnel. The publications may be brought out from CPCRI, CDB, DASD, SAUs/SHUs, KVKs, CAMPCO etc. for distribution to the farmers and other stakeholders.

Conclusion

Coconut and arecanut are the important plantation crops in Karnataka which support millions of farmers. Farmers are facing lot of field problems which are to be addressed by research and developmental agencies. Improved technologies by CPCRI and SAUS/SHUs have not reached the beneficiaries to the desired level. In this context, the research-farmer-extension interface programmes initiated by CPCRI in collaboration with other agencies is an effort in strengthening the transfer of technologies to the farmers. The strategy proposed for conducting interface programmes will definitely bring out desired results in coconut and arecanut sector in the state. Similar approach may be followed in other states to improve the productivity and profitability of coconut and arecanut farming.













VIJAYAVANI, 14.09.2013 ತೆಂಗಿನ ಮೌಲ್ಯವರ್ಧನೆ ಆ

ತಿಪಟೂರು: ತೆಂಗು ಬೆಳೆಯುವ ಬೆಳೆಗಾರರು ಲಾಭಗಳಿಸಿ ಆರ್ಥಿಕವಾಗಿ ಸದೃಢಗೊಳ್ಳುವ ನಿಟ್ಟಿನಲ್ಲಿ ತೆಂಗಿನ ಮೌಲ್ಯವರ್ಧನೆಗೆ ಪ್ರಾಮುಖ್ಯತೆ ನೀಡುವ ಅಗತ್ಯವಿದೆ ಎಂದು ಕಾಸರಗೋಡು ಕೇಂದ್ರೀಯ ತೋಟಗಾರಿಕಾ ಬೆಳೆಗಳ ಸಂಶೋಧನಾ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ ನಿರ್ದೇಶಕ ಡಾ. ಜಾರ್ಜ್ ವಿ. ಥೋಮಸ್ ಹೇಳಿದರು.

ತಾಲೂಕಿನ ಬಿದರೆಗುಡಿ ಕಾವಲಿನ ಕೃಷಿ ವಿಜ್ಞಾನ ಕೇಂದ್ರದಲ್ಲಿ ಕಾಸರಗೋಡು ಕೇಂದ್ರೀಯ ತೋಟಗಾರಿಕಾ ಬೆಳೆಗಳ ಸಂಶೋಧನಾ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ, ಕೃಷಿ ವಿಜ್ಞಾನ ಕೇಂದ್ರ ಹಾಗೂ ತೋಟಗಾರಿಕಾ ಇಲಾಖೆ ಆಶ್ರಯದಲ್ಲಿ ಹಮ್ಮಿಕೊಂಡಿದ್ದ 'ತೆಂಗು ಬೆಳೆ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ರೈತರೊಂದಿಗೆ ಸಂವಾದ' ಕಾರ್ಯಕ್ರಮ ಉದ್ಘಾಟಿಸಿ ಮಾತನಾಡಿದರು.

ತೆಂಗು ಬೆಳೆಯ ತಾಂತ್ರಿಕತೆ ಮತ್ತು ಅಭಿವೃದ್ಧಿ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ರೈತರಿಗೆ ಮಾಹಿತಿ ನೀಡಿದರು.

ತೋಟಗಾರಿಕಾ ಬೆಳೆಗಳಿಂದ ಆದಾಯ ಹೆಚ್ಚಿಸಿಕೊಳ್ಳಲು ಸಾಧ್ಯ. ಈ ನಿಟ್ಟಿನಲ್ಲಿ ಮಿಶ್ರ ಕೃಷಿ ಪದ್ಧತಿ ಮತ್ತು ಪೋಷಕಾಂಶಗಳ ನಿರ್ವಹಣೆ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ರೈತರು ಹೆಚ್ಚು ಗಮನ ಹರಿಸಬೇಕು. ಆ ಮೂಲಕ ಹಣ ಗಳಿಸಬಹುದು ಎಂದು ಕಾರ್ಯಕ್ರಮ ಸಂಯೋಜಕ ಡಾ.ಜಿ.ಎಂ.ಸುಜಿತ್ ತಿಳಿಸಿದರು.

ತೆಂಗು ಬೆಳೆಯ ತಳಿಗಳು, ಕೃಷಿ ಪದ್ದತಿ, ಉತ್ಪಾದನೆ, ನರ್ಸರಿ ನಿರ್ವಹಣೆ, ಕೀಟ ಮತ್ತು ರೋಗ ನಿರ್ವಹಣೆ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ರೈತರಿಗೆ ಮಾಹಿತಿ ನೀಡಲಾಯಿತು. ಕೇಂದ್ರದ ಹಿರಿಯ ಸಹ ನಿರ್ದೇಶಕಿ ಪುಷ್ಟಲತಾ, ತಜ್ಞರಾದ ಡಾ. ರವಿಭಟ್, ಡಾ. ವಿನಾಯಕ ಹೆಗ್ಗೆ, ಡಾ.ಹೆಬ್ಬಾರ್ ಇದ್ದರು.

8. Interface in Mysore on 13.09.2013

7. Interface in Tumkur on 12.09.2013

SAMYUKTHA KARNATAKA, 14.09.2013



PRAJAVANI, 28.09.2013



ಹಿರಿಯೂರು ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕಿನ ಬಬ್ಬೂರು ಫಾರಂನ ಕೃಷಿ ಸಂಶೋಧನಾ ಕೇಂದ್ರದಲ್ಲಿ ಈಚೆಗೆ ಹಮ್ಮಿ ಕೊಂಡಿದ್ದ ತೆಂಗು ಮತ್ತು ಅಡಿಕೆ ಬೆಳೆ ಕುರಿತು ರೈತರೊಂದಿಗಿನ ಒಂದು ದಿನದ ಸಂವಾದ ಕಾರ್ಯಕ್ರಮವನ್ನು ಹಿರಿಯ ಕ್ಷೇತ್ರ ಅಧೀಕ್ಷಕ ಡಾ. ಕೆ.ಟಿ.ರಾಜೇಂದ್ರಪ್ರಸಾದ್ ಉದ್ಘಾಟಿಸಿದರು.

ರೈತರ ಸಮಸ್ಯೆ ನಿವಾರಣೆಗೆ ಕ್ರಮ

ಪ್ರಜಾವಾಣಿ ವಾರ್ತೆ

ತೆಂಗು ಬೆಳೆಗಾರರು ಅನುಭವಿಸುತ್ತಿರುವ ಕಾಸರಗೋಡಿನ ಬೆಳೆ ಉತ್ಪಾದನಾ ತೊಂದರೆಗಳತ್ವ ತೋಟಗಾರಿಕೆ ವಿಭಾಗದ ಮುಖ್ಯಸ್ಥ ಡಾ. ರವಿ ಭಟ್, ವಿಜ್ಞಾನಿಗಳು ಗಮನ ಹರಿಸಬೇಕು ತೋಟಗಾರಿಕೆ ಇಲಾಖೆ ಉಪನಿರ್ದೇಶಕ ಎಂದು ಹಿರಿಯ ಕ್ಷೇತ್ರ ಅಧೀಕ್ಷಕ ಡಾ. ಕೆ.ಆರ್.ದೇವರಾಜು, ಡಾ. ಕೆ.ಟಿ.ರಾಜೇಂಧ್ರಪ್ರಸಾದ್ ಸಲಹೆ ಕಾರ್ಯಕ್ರಮ ಸಂಯೋಜಕ ನೀಡಿದರು.

ಸಂಶೋಧನಾ ಕೇಂದ್ರದಲ್ಲಿ ಈಚೆಗೆ ಶಾಸ್ತ್ರ ವಿಭಾಗದ ವಿಜ್ಞಾನಿ ಕಾಸರಗೋಡಿನ ಕೇಂದ್ರೀಯ ತೋಟದ ಡಾ. ಎಂ.ರಾಜ್ ಕುಮಾರ್ ಅವರು ಬೆಳೆಗಳ ಸಂಶೋಧನಾ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ ವಿವಿಧ ವಿಷಯಗಳನ್ನು ಕುರಿತು ರೈತರಿಗೆ ಆಶ್ರಯದಲ್ಲಿ ಹಮ್ಮಿಕೊಂಡಿದ್ದ ತೆಂಗು ಮಾಹಿತಿ ನೀಡಿದರು. ಮತ್ತು ಅಡಿಕೆ ಬೆಳೆ ಕುರಿತ ಕಾಸರಗೋಡಿನ ಸಂಶೋಧನಾ ರೈತರೊಂದಿಗಿನ ಒಂದು ದಿನದ ಸಂವಾದ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆಯ ನಿರ್ದೇಶಕ ಡಾ. ಜಾರ್ಜ್ ವಿ ಕಾರ್ಯಕ್ರಮ ಉದ್ಘಾಟಿಸಿ ಅವರು ಥಾಮಸ್ ಮಾರ್ಗದರ್ಶನದಲ್ಲಿ ನಡೆದ

ವಿಟ್ಟದ ಕೇಂದ್ರೀಯ ತೋಟದ ಬೆಳೆಗಳ ಸಂಶೋಧನಾ ಕೇಂದ್ರದ ಹಿರಿಯೂರು: ರಾಜ್ಯದಲ್ಲಿ ಅಡಿಕೆ ಮತ್ತು ಮುಖ್ಯಸ್ಥ ಡಾ. ಕೆ.ಎಸ್.ಆನಂದ್, ಡಾ.ಚಂದ್ರಪ್ಪ, ಬೆಳೆ ಸಂರಕ್ಷಣೆ ವಿಭಾಗದ ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕಿನ ಬಬ್ಬೂರು ಫಾರಂನ ಕೃಷಿ ಮುಖ್ಯಸ್ಥ ಡಾ. ವಿನಾಯಕ ಹೆಗಡೆ, ಕೀಟ

ಮಾತನಾಡಿದರು. ತರಬೇತಿ ಶಿಬರದಲ್ಲಿ ತೆಂಗು, ಅಡಿಕೆ ರೈತ ಸಂಘದ ಮುಖಂಡ ಮತ್ತು ಕೊಕ್ಕೊ ಬೆಳೆಗಳ ತಳಿಗಳು, ಸಸ್ಯ ಟಿ. ನುಲೇನೂರು ಶಂಕರಪ್ಪ ಮಾತನಾಡಿ, ಸಂರಕ್ಷಣೆ, ನರ್ಸರಿ ನಿರ್ವಹಣೆ, ಕೀಟ 9. Interface in Chitradurga on 24.09.2013

VIJAYAVANI, 26.09.2013

10. Interface in Davanagere on 25.09.2013

ಣಕ ಹೊಂದಿಕೊಳ್ಳುವ ಮಿಶ್ರ ಬೆಳೆಗಳನ ಅಭಿವೃದ್ಧಿ ಹೊಂದಬೇಕು ಎಂದು ಕಾಣ

ಕ್ಷ್ಯವಿಕ್ಯಾಡಿಗರುವ ಹೇಳಿದರು. ಕೃಷ್ಣಿ ವಿಶ್ವಾನ ಕೇಂದ್ರದ ಕದೇವನದಲ್ಲಿ ಕೇಂದ್ರೀಯ ತೋಟದ ಬೆಳೆಗಳ ಸಂತೋಧನಾ ತ ಬುಧವಾರ ಹಮ್ಮಿಕೊಂಡಿದ್ದ ತೆಂಗು ಮತ್ತು ರೊಂದಿಗೆ ಸಂಪಾದ ಕಾರ್ಯಕ್ರಮ ಉದ್ರಾಟಿಗೆ ೇಯ ತೋಟದ ಬೆಳೆಗಳ ಸಂಶೋಧನಾ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆಯಲ್ಲಿ

ವ ತಾಂತ್ರಿಕತೆಗಳನ್ನು ಅಳವಡಿಸಿಕೊಂಡು ಪ್ರಗಟ ಂತ ಸಲಹ ನೀಡಿದರು.

ಮಿಶ್ರ ಬೆಳೆಯಿಂದ ಆರ್ಥಿಕ ಅಭಿವೃದ್ಧಿ ಸಾ Alexandra dout kondoli. Senandra dout kondoli. Senandra dout kondoli kondoli

ಟೊಂಡು ಪ್ರಗತಿ ಸಾಧಿಸಬೇಕು

ಉಪ ವಿಭಾಗಾಧಿಕಾರಿ

अवर्ड दर्शनांच उपनांचे, तुक्ष इंग्रजानी, इत्था द्यावंद्र दीवतनी ಾಕ್ರಮದಲ್ಲಿ ಇನ್ನೂರಕ್ಕೂ ಹೆಚ್ಚು

ಮತ್ತು ಕೊಕ್ಕೂ ಬೆಳಗಳ ತಣಗಳು, ಉತ್ಪನ್ನ ನರ್ಶರಿ ನಿರ್ವಹಣೆ, ಕೀಟ ಮತ್ತು ರೋಗ ಕೊಯ್ಯನ ನಂತರದ ತಾಂತಿಕತೆಗಳನ್ನು ವಸ್ತು ಪ್ರದರ್ಶನ ಮ



PRAJAVANI 12.10.13

'ಬೇವಿನ ಹಿಂಡಿಯಿಂದ ರೋಗ ತಡೆ' stramet mate

පේළුති මෙවු.බෙනුදි තමම යත්තයෙන් තරත කිඩාගරාදී ශ්යානංතය තියෙම්මරායේ මරාත කතාතන කළක වදාය ගියෙන්න කොද්ගායය කරන මොසර මෙඩ්රාගානාක්තය කමන් තරනතා තමයකාරාමුය. තමෙම කරනතන් රැසන් ನರ್ನಿಂಕ ಶಕ್ಷಿಯನ್ನು ಹೆಚ್ಚಿಸುವ ಬೇವಿನ ಹಿಂಡಿಯನ್ನು ಬರದ ಬೇರುಗಳಿ ಗೇಮವ ಮೂಲಕ ರೋಗವನ್ನು ಬರನ ಬೇರುಗಳಿಗೆ ಗೇಮವ ಮೂಲಕ ರೋಗವನ್ನು ಬೆನಸ್ಮಿಬಹುದು ಎಂದು ಕೇರಳದ ಕಾಸರಗೋಡಿತ ಸಂದ್ರೀಯ ತೋಟದುತೆಗಳ ಸಂಶೋಧನಾ ಕೇಂದ್ರದ ದೇಶಕಕ ಪಾರ್ಜ್ ಎ ಥಾಮರ್ ಗುರುವಾರ ಕೊದರು . ಜನ ಹೊರ ಭಾಗದಲ್ಲಿರುವ ಸರ್ಕಾರಿ ಪ್ರಥಮ

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UDAYAVANI 11.10.2013

ರೈತರ ಶ್ರಮ, ಸಹಕಾರದಿಂದ ಕಪ್ಪುತಲೆ ಹುಳು ತಡೆ ಸಾಧ್ಯ

JANATHA MAADYAMA, 12.10.2013

13. Interface at Arasikere, Hassan 10.10.2013



14. Interface in Hassan 11.10.2013



APPENDIX - II

CONTACT DETAILS

S.No.	District	Contact details
1	Udupi	Programme Coordinator KVK, Brahmavar: 9449866939 Deputy Director of Horticulture : 0820-2531950
2	Dakshina Kannada	SADH : 08257 -232020 AHO: 09449385091
3	Shimoga	Programme Coordinator, KVK, Shimoga: 9449866938 Deputy Director of Horticulture : 08182-222633
4	Chamrajanagar	Programme Coordinator, KVK: 9449866933 Deputy Director of Horticulture : 08226-225022
5	Ramanagar	Programme Coordinator, KVK: 9449866918
6	Mandya	Programme Coordinator, KVK: 9449864250 Deputy Director of Horticulture : 08232-225734
7	Tiptur - Tumkur	Programme Coordinator, KVK: 9449866936 Deputy Director of Horticulture : 0816-2275189
8	Mysore	Programme Coordinator, KVK: 9686666490 Deputy Director of Horticulture : 0821-2420066
9	Chitradurga	Programme Coordinator, KVK: 9449866935 Deputy Director of Horticulture : 08194-230141
10	Davanagere	Programme Coordinator, KVK: 9449856876 Deputy Director of Horticulture : 08192-237629
11	Chickmagalore	Head, AHRS, Sringeri: 9486838972 DDH: 08262-235334; ADH: 08265-250410
12	Uttara Kannada	Programme Coordinator, KVK: 9448495345 Deputy Director of Horticulture : 08384-226427
13	Hassan	Programme Coordinator, KVK: 9449866932 Deputy Director of Horticulture : 08172-268387 Head, HRS, Arasikere : 08174-291565, 9449440536

APPENDIXIII

ORGANIZING COMMITTEE

Chairman

Dr. S. Ayyappan Secretary DARE & DG, ICAR, New Delhi

Co-Chairman

Dr. N. K. Krishna Kumar

DDG (Horticulture), ICAR, New Delhi

Secretary

Dr. George V. Thomas Director, CPCRI, Kasaragod

Resource Persons

Dr. H. P. Maheswarappa Project Coordinator, AICRP (Palms) CPCRI, Kasaragod

Dr. K. S. Ananda Head CPCRIRS, Vittal

Dr. K. Muralidharan Head, Social Sciences CPCRI, Kasaragod

Dr. K.B. Hebbar Head, PB&PHT CPCRI, Kasaragod

Dr. Ravi Bhat Head, Crop Production CPCRI, Kasaragod

Dr. Vinayaka Hegde Head, Crop Protection CPCRI, Kasaragod

Dr. C. Thamban Principal Scientist CPCRI, Kasaragod Dr. C.T. Jose Principal Scientist CPCRI, RS, Vittal

Dr. Chandrika Mohan Principal Scientist CPCRI, RS, Kayamkulam

Dr. D. Jaganathan Scientist CPCRI, RS, Vittal

Dr. Nagaraja, N. R. Scientist CPCRI, RS, Vittal

Dr. Rajkumar Scientist CPCRI, Kasaragod

Dr. Prathibha, V. H. Scientist CPCRI, Kasaragod

Exhibition Committee

Mr. C. Purandhara Senior Technical Assistant, CPCRI, RS, Vittal

Mr. Mohana Gowda, S. N. Technical Officer, CPCRI, RS, Vittal

Mr. Keshava, V. Technical Officer, CPCRI, RS, Vittal

Ms. Divya, T. JRF, CPCRI, RS, Vittal

Mr. Vinod, K. SSS, CPCRI, RS, Vittal

Mr. M. Ananda SSS, CPCRI, RS, Vittal Mr. A. S. Gopalakrishna SeniorTechnical Assistant, CPCRI, RC, Kidu

Mr. Shyama Prasad Programme Assistant, KVK, CPCRI, Kasaragod

Mr. Janardhana SSS, CPCRI, RC, Kidu

Mr. Jathappa, V. SSS, CPCRI, RC, Kidu

Mr. Isubu, D SSS, CPCRI, RS, Vittal

Accommodation and Transportation Committee

Mr. T. H. Nagaraj AAO, CPCRI, RS, Vittal

Mr. K. K. Sasi AFAO, CPCRI, RS, Vittal

Mr. Sheena Naik AAO, CPCRI, RS, Vittal

Mr. V. Chandrashekhara Shetty Technical Assistant (Driver) CPCRI, RS, Vittal Mr. B. Tharanath Naik Technical Assistant (Driver) CPCRI, RS, Vittal

Mr. Chennappa Driver, CPCRI, RC, Kidu

Mr. Satheesh Kumar, A. V. Technical Assistant (Driver), CPCRI, Kasaragod

